Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Chapter 7 Quiz

Write the letter that corresponds to the best answer choice in the space provided.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Which of these reflects the understanding of “power from action”?

1. the power to direct and command others because of your office or position
2. the power to affect other people’s attitudes and decisions because of the relationship you have built with them
3. the power to teach and explain how to earn salvation
4. the power to take the initiative to make things happen or to inspire people with your actions

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. What does Jesus teach us about power in the Paschal Mystery?

1. Love is not powerful; it makes a person vulnerable and weak.
2. True strength is power used in and with loving sacrifice.
3. Failure is the only true measure of our actions.
4. Power that comes from authority must be the primary basis for authentic love in relationships.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the “Paradox of the Cross”?

1. People in polytheistic religions regularly offered sacrifices to a particular god in hope that this god would grant the people what they desired, but they never got what they wanted.
2. Christians preached that the shameful execution of Jesus was actually Christ’s hour of glory.
3. If the worshippers of a particular god were defeated in battle, they would sometimes start worshipping the god of the people who defeated them, even though they were enemies.
4. Saint Paul spoke of God as foolish, which was the opposite of what most expected him to write.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. What truth did Saint Paul explain in his epistles?

1. Because we are saved by God’s grace, it does not matter how we act.
2. Because God’s grace is offered freely to everyone, we are puppets that God will manipulate if we accept the gift of faith.
3. Although Jesus did not personally experience loss or pain, we can still follow his example of selflessness.
4. God’s grace leads us toward the death of sin and our rising in new life.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. What is meant by “justification”?

1. the removal of sin and the gift of God’s sanctifying grace to renew holiness
2. the work of salvation accomplished mainly through Christ’s Passion, death, Resurrection, and Ascension
3. the habitual and firm disposition to do good and earn salvation
4. the self-emptying of being humble and obedient

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which of the following best reflects what the Church teaches about the body and the soul?

1. The body and the soul are two separate natures that are united together.
2. Each human being is a union of body and soul–physical matter and spirit.
3. The body is merely an enclosure for the soul.
4. Every aspect of being human is sacred, but our souls are more sacred than our bodies.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7. What did Saint Paul teach about the resurrection of the dead?

1. If there is no resurrection of the dead, there is no reason to be good.
2. Because belief in the resurrection of the dead is not as important as belief in the Resurrection of Jesus Christ, it is an optional belief.
3. Our resurrected bodies will be the exact same size, shape, and appearance as our mortal bodies.
4. Our pre-resurrection bodies are bad, but our resurrected bodies will be good.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8. What are the Cardinal Virtues?

1. faith, hope, love, and justice
2. mercy, peace, patience, and joy
3. prudence, fortitude, temperance, and justice
4. humility, integrity, generosity, and creativity

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9. When Jesus prays “that they may be one,” what model of unity did he offer?

1. many parts, one body
2. the sheep and the goats
3. the Trinity
4. a shepherd and sheep

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10. What is the best description of empathy?

1. the ability to recognize and share the emotions of another person
2. feeling sorry for another person who is suffering
3. our connection with others
4. the ultimate community that leads us toward union with God